Geography Skills Progression

Year group	Geographical skills	Examples
R	Observe	This is done through play and through literacy work. Comparing different areas and looking for key differences.
1	Map skills Taught through Harmony Curriculum: Oneness – Key human features, 7 continents, seasonal weather patterns around the world, comparing UK with non-Eurpoean country/island- Hawaii, Fiji, Struay Adaption- Looking at our local area (Petts Wood) and then comparing to Kenya	Exploring maps to name and locate their region and countries within the UK. Similarities and differences. Relative (comparative) vocabulary. Explore maps of the local area. Directional Language. Recognising physical and human features. Design a simple map.
2	Direction Observe, measure & record Taught through Harmony Curriculum: Adaptation – Great Fire of London Oneness – Arctic	Locating our place in the world on a map. Simple compass directions (N,S,E,W) and locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. Begin to use a 4 point compass for direction. Looking at pictures and maps. Making a simple map of a known place.

3	Geographical enquiry Map skills	Observe and make comparisons. Collect and record evidence and make simple conclusions. Begin to use and identify simple pictures on maps. Use Key accurately. Recognise symbols. Use contents/index to locate
	Observe, record and measure Direction	Present information from enquiry. Identify key features of landscapes. Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies Use the four/eight points of the compass.
	Taught through Harmony Curriculum: Oneness – Volcanoes Interdependence – Food Health – Prehistoric Man Cycles - Trees	
4	Geographical enquiry Map skills	Observe and make comparisons. Collect and record evidence and make conclusions. Use and identify simple pictures on maps. Use selected maps, atlases, globes and digital computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use contents/index to locate position of location including page/coordinates.
	Direction	Begin to use co-ordinates in relation to a
	Relative skills	map. Comparisons based on scale/distance. Discussing size, boundaries and distances. Use of range of scales.
	Observe, record and measure	Present information from enquiry. Identify key features of landscapes.

	Taught through Harmony Curriculum: Adaptation – Anglo Saxons Diversity – Stories from different cultures Interdependence – Ancient Egypt Health – Where does our energy come from?	
5	Map skills Relative skills Direction Geographical enquiry	Use maps and atlases. Draw maps using atlases to support them. Identify pictures on a map. Comparisons based on scale/distance. Discussing size, boundaries and distances. Use of range of scales. Use co-ordinates in relation to a map. Observe and make comparisons. Collect and record evidence and make conclusions.
	Observe, record and measure	Present information from enquiry. Identify key features of landscapes. Use the eight points of the compass, four-figure references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies
	Taught through Harmony Curriculum: Diversity – What journey does a river take? Cycles – How can we keep our oceans amazing?	
6	Map skills	Use maps and atlases. Draw maps using atlases to support

them. Identify pictures on a map. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the UK and the wider world. Relative skills Comparisons based on scale/distance. Discussing size, boundaries and distances. Use of range of scales. Direction Use world maps, atlases and globes and satellite/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Geographical enquiry Observe and make comparisons. Collect and record evidence and make conclusions. Present information from enquiry. Identify Observe, record and key features of landscapes. Use key to make deductions measure (Using all skills learnt) about landscape/industry/features etc Taught through Harmony Curriculum: Adaptation (WW2: What would it be like to live during wartime?) Interdependence (Antarctica: How are we connected to Antarctica?) Cycles (Antarctica: Where do migratory animals travel to and from and why?)